

# GSM Based 3 Phase Motor Starter

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## ABSTRACT—

The GSM-based 3-phase motor control system represents a transformative solution for various industries and agricultural sectors. This innovative technology integrates the Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) with motor control units, offering a reliable and efficient method for remotely managing 3-phase motors. This system caters to diverse industries, providing a streamlined solution for motor control and automation. Specifically, for farmers, it addresses the challenges of irrigation and crop cultivation by enabling remote control of agricultural machinery.

## I. INTRODUCTION

Selecting the GSM-based 3-phase motor control system emerges as a pivotal advancement in industrial and agricultural automation, seamlessly integrating the ubiquitous Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) with motor control technologies. This system offers a sophisticated yet accessible solution for remotely managing 3-phase motors, playing a crucial role in enhancing efficiency and convenience across diverse applications. At its core, the working principle of this system is elegantly straightforward. Users can initiate commands through Short Message Service (SMS) using GSM networks, allowing for remote control over the operation of 3-phase motors. This simplicity in operation facilitates widespread adoption and empowers users with an intuitive means of managing machinery.

## II. EASE OF USE

In terms of size, the system is designed to be compact and adaptable, ensuring seamless integration into existing motor control setups. The main components include GSM modules, microcontrollers, motor control units, and power supply circuits. These elements work in tandem to provide a comprehensive solution for efficient motor control.

One of the system's standout features is its cost-effectiveness. The integration of GSM technology doesn't incur exorbitant expenses, making it an economically viable choice for industries and farmers alike. The affordability factor contributes significantly to its widespread applicability and accessibility.

Work reliability is a paramount consideration, and the GSM-based 3-phase motor control system excels in this aspect. The robust design and integration of reliable components ensure consistent performance, minimizing the risk of downtime and optimizing operational efficiency.

Compatibility is another key attribute, with the system designed to interface seamlessly with various motor types and configurations. This versatility allows for broad implementation across different industries, making it a versatile solution for diverse motor control needs.

## A. PROBLEM STATEMENT

The conventional 3-phase motor control systems lack remote accessibility and automation, posing challenges in industrial and agricultural sectors. The absence of an efficient, cost-effective solution hinders the optimization of motor operations. The problem lies in the need for a reliable and user-friendly system that integrates GSM technology to enable remote control and automation of 3-phase motors. Current solutions often fall short in terms of affordability, compatibility, and simplicity, prompting the demand for a comprehensive GSM-based 3-phase motor control system to address these critical limitations and revolutionize motor management in various applications.

## B. WORKING

The GSM-based 3-phase motor control system operates through an intricate yet efficient integration of mobile communication, GSM technology, microcontroller, relay, and motor starter components. The system is designed to offer remote control functionality, enabling users to initiate commands through mobile devices using GSM networks. The following is a step-by-step explanation of its working Equations

### 1. USER INPUT THROUGH MOBILE DEVICE:

Users send SMS commands from their mobile devices to the designated GSM module connected to the system. These commands contain instructions for motor control, such as start, stop, or adjust speed.

## 2. GSM Module Reception:

The GSM module, a crucial component of the system, receives the incoming SMS and extracts the control instructions. It acts as the communication interface between the user's mobile device and the microcontroller.

## 3. Microcontroller Processing:

The extracted control commands are forwarded to the microcontroller, which serves as the brain of the system. Programmed with specific algorithms, the microcontroller interprets the commands and generates corresponding signals to control the motor.

## 4. Relay Activation:

The microcontroller sends signals to activate relays. Relays are used to switch the power supply to the motor starter, controlling the ON/OFF functions of the 3-phase motor. Relays act as electronic switches, enabling or interrupting the electrical power flow to the motor.

## 5. Motor Starter Operation:

The motor starter, connected to the relay, responds to the relay signals. When activated, the motor starter allows power to flow to the 3-phase motor, initiating its operation. Conversely, when the microcontroller signals to stop the motor, the relay interrupts the power supply, and the motor comes to a halt.

## 6. Feedback to User:

The system can incorporate a feedback mechanism to inform users about the status of the motor operation. This feedback can be sent via SMS to the user's mobile device, confirming the execution of the commanded action.

## C. Future Scope

The implementation of GSM-based 3-phase motor control systems yields significant results across various industries and agricultural settings. Firstly, enhanced remote accessibility allows for seamless monitoring and control of motor operations from any location with GSM coverage, promoting flexibility and convenience for operators. This capability leads to increased efficiency in task execution, as operators can initiate commands and adjust motor parameters promptly in response to changing requirements or conditions.

Moreover, the reliability of GSM networks ensures consistent communication between users and the motor control system, minimizing the risk of communication failures and associated downtimes. As a result, productivity is enhanced, and operational disruptions are mitigated, leading to improved overall workflow efficiency.

Overall, the results achieved with GSM-based 3-phase motor control systems include increased operational efficiency, reduced downtime, enhanced reliability, and improved resource management, ultimately translating into cost savings and productivity gains for industries and agricultural operations alike.

## III. OVERVIEW

The implementation of GSM-based 3-phase motor control systems yields significant results across various industries and agricultural settings. Firstly, enhanced remote accessibility allows for seamless monitoring and control of motor operations from any location with GSM coverage, promoting flexibility and convenience for operators. This capability leads to increased efficiency in task execution, as operators can initiate commands and adjust motor parameters promptly in response to changing requirements or conditions.

### A. Results

The reliability of GSM networks ensures consistent communication between users and the motor control system, minimizing the risk of communication failures and associated downtimes. As a result, productivity is enhanced, and operational disruptions are mitigated, leading to improved overall workflow efficiency.

Additionally, the integration of GSM technology enables data logging and reporting functionalities, providing valuable insights into motor performance, usage patterns, and energy consumption. This data-driven approach facilitates informed decision-making and enables proactive maintenance strategies, thereby extending the lifespan of equipment and reducing maintenance costs..

### B. Conclusion

In conclusion, the GSM-based 3-phase motor control system stands as a transformative solution, redefining the landscape of industrial and agricultural motor management. Its ability to seamlessly integrate mobile communication, GSM technology, and microcontroller-driven automation delivers unparalleled advantages. The system's user-friendly interface and remote accessibility empower operators with efficient control, fostering adaptability to dynamic operational needs.

The cost-effectiveness of this technology, coupled with its reliability and compatibility, positions it as a practical choice for a wide range of applications. The system's compact design and integration capabilities ensure easy implementation, providing industries and farmers with a scalable solution to streamline motor control processes.

As industries continue to embrace smart technologies, the GSM-based 3-phase motor control system serves as a beacon of innovation, addressing challenges, improving productivity, and paving the way for a more connected and automated future in motor management across diverse sectors. In essence, this technology not only represents a leap forward in motor control but also symbolizes the evolution towards intelligent, responsive, and sustainable industrial practices.

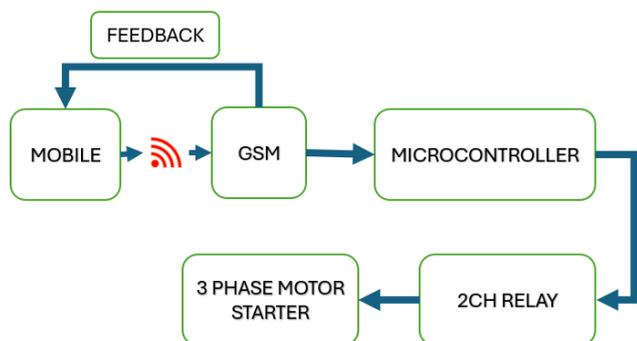


Fig. 1. Block Diagram

A GSM-based 3-phase motor starter block diagram illustrates a system where a GSM module communicates with a microcontroller to control the operation of a 3-phase motor. The microcontroller receives commands via GSM signals, allowing remote operation and monitoring. The block diagram typically includes components such as the GSM module, microcontroller, power supply, motor driver circuit, and motor. Signals from the GSM module trigger the microcontroller to activate the motor driver, enabling precise control over motor operation. This setup enables remote management, efficient control, and monitoring of 3-phase motors, facilitating enhanced industrial automation.

#### ROUGH STRUCTURE OF THE SYSTEM

##### 1. MOBILE WILL GIVE COMMAND

2. GSM WILL RECEIVE AND FORWARD IT

3. MICROCONTROLLER WILL RECEIVE ANALYSE AND GIVE US THE ON/ OFF COMMAND WHICH WILL BE FORWARDED

4. RELAY WILL RECEIVE THE SIGNAL AND FORWARD IT TO THE 3-PHASE MOTOR STARTER

5. MOTOR WILL START AND THEN

6. FEEDBACK WILL BE GIVEN TO THE MOBILE

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